The student should be able to find the contrapositive and converse of given implications.

For each of the statements below write its contrapositive, and converse.

1.1. If \( n = 25, 100 \) or \( 169 \), then \( n \) is a perfect square or is the sum of two perfect squares.
1.2. The sum of an integer and its square is even.
1.3. If it snows today, I will go skiing.
1.4. Every divisor of 10 and 16 is a divisor of 2.